



Primeira Lista de Exercícios - Integrais

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**Exercício 1.** Utilize a tabela para resolver as integrais abaixo e depois derive para conferir os resultados.

$$a) \int x(x+3)(x+1)dx$$

$$c) \int \frac{1}{x^{10}}dx$$

$$e) \int \frac{(x^3+x^2)^2}{\sqrt{x}}dx$$

$$b) \int (3x^2+5)^3dx$$

$$d) \int \frac{(x^2+1)(x^2-2)}{x^{\frac{2}{3}}}dx$$

$$f) \int \frac{1}{x^2+7}dx$$

**Exercício 2.** Calcule as seguintes integrais utilizando o método da substituição:

$$a) \int \frac{\ln(x)+2}{x}dx$$

$$f) \int \frac{\cos(ax)}{\sqrt{a+\sin(ax)}}dx$$

$$k) \int \frac{dx}{x\ln(x)}$$

$$b) \int \sin(2x)\cos^2(2x)dx$$

$$g) \int x^2e^{x^3}dx$$

$$l) \int \frac{x+3}{x^2+6x}dx$$

$$c) \int \frac{4x^2}{\sqrt{x^3+3}}dx$$

$$h) \int \frac{\arcsen(y)}{2\sqrt{1-y^2}}dy$$

$$m) \int \frac{e^{\arcsen(x)}}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}dx$$

$$d) \int x^3\sqrt{a+bx^4}dx$$

$$i) \int \frac{e^x}{e^{2x}+16}dx$$

$$n) \int \frac{\sin(\ln(x))}{x}dx$$

$$e) \int \tg\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)\sec^2\left(\frac{x}{2}\right)dx$$

$$j) \int \frac{\sin(\theta)}{(5-\cos(\theta))^3}d\theta$$

$$o) \int 3^x\cos(3^x)dx$$

**Exercício 3.** Calcule as seguintes integrais utilizando a substituição dada:

$$a) \int \frac{dx}{e^x+1}, \text{ com } x = -\ln(t).$$

$$c) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}dx, \text{ com } x = \sin(t).$$

$$b) \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x+1}}dx, \text{ com } t = \sqrt{x+1}.$$

$$d) \int \frac{1}{\sqrt{1+x^{\frac{1}{3}}}}dx, \text{ com } z = 1 + \sqrt[3]{x}.$$

**Exercício 4.** Calcule as seguintes integrais utilizando o método de integração por partes:

$$a) \int xe^x dx$$

$$e) \int (x-1)e^{-x}dx$$

$$i) \int x\sec(x)\tg(x)dx$$

$$b) \int x^2\sin(x)dx$$

$$f) \int x\cos\sec^2(x)dx$$

$$j) \int x^4e^x dx$$

$$c) \int \frac{xe^x}{(1+x)^2}dx$$

$$g) \int \frac{x^3}{\sqrt{1-x^2}}dx$$

$$k) \int \ln^3(x)dx$$

$$d) \int \sin(\ln(x))dx$$

$$h) \int x^3\sin(5x)dx$$

$$l) \int x^2\sinh(x)dx$$

**Exercício 5.** Calcule as seguintes integrais utilizando primeiro o método da substituição depois o método da integração por partes:

$$a) \int \sqrt{1+x^2} dx$$

$$b) \int x^4 \cos(x^4) dx$$

$$c) \int \cos(\ln(x)) dx$$

$$d) \int \sin(\sqrt{x}) dx$$

**Exercício 6.** Calcule as seguintes integrais envolvendo potências de funções trigonométricas:

$$a) \int \frac{\sin^2(x)}{\cos^4(x)} dx$$

$$b) \int \tan^5(x) \sec^3(x) dx$$

$$c) \int \sin^2(x) \cos^2(x) dx$$

$$d) \int \sin^3(y) \cos^4(y) dy$$

**Exercício 7.** Calcule as seguintes integrais utilizando frações parciais:

$$a) \int \frac{dx}{x^3 + 8}$$

$$b) \int \frac{4dx}{x^4 - 1}$$

$$c) \int \frac{x^5 + 4x^3}{(x^2 + 1)^2} dx$$

$$d) \int \frac{dx}{x^4 + x^2}$$

$$e) \int \frac{x^3 + x - 1}{(x + 1)^2} dx$$

$$f) \int \frac{x + 1}{(x^2 + 4x + 5)^2} dx$$

$$g) \int \frac{dx}{x^4 - 3x^3 + 3x^2 - x}$$

$$h) \int \frac{x}{x^4 - 1} dx$$

$$i) \int \frac{x^2 - 3x + 2}{x^3 + 6x^2 + 5x} dx$$

**Exercício 8.** Calcule as seguintes integrais:

$$a) \int \cos(x) \ln(\sin(x)) dx$$

$$b) \int \frac{x^2 + 2x}{x^3 + 3x^2 + 4} dx$$

$$c) \int \tan(x) \sec^3(x) dx$$

$$d) \int x^5 \cos(x^3) dx$$

**Exercício 9.** Calcule a área limitada pelos gráficos das seguintes funções e o eixo-x, no intervalo  $[-1, 2]$

$$a) f(x) = x^2$$

$$d) f(x) = \cos(x)$$

$$b) f(x) = x^3$$

$$e) f(x) = e^x$$

$$c) f(x) = \sin(x)$$

$$f) f(x) = \frac{1}{x+2}$$

**Exercício 10.** Calcule a área limitada pelos gráficos das funções f e g abaixo:

$$a) f(x) = x^3 \text{ e } g(x) = x$$

$$c) f(x) = -x^2 + 1 \text{ e } g(x) = x^2$$

$$b) f(x) = 2x^4 - x^2 \text{ e } g(x) = x^2$$

$$d) f(x) = x^3 - x \text{ e } g(x) = -x^3 + x$$

**Exercício 11.** Calcule as integrais abaixo:

$$1. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 - 1}} dx$$

$$2. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt[3]{x^2 - 1}} dx$$

$$3. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt[4]{x^2 - 1}} dx$$

$$4. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt[5]{x^2 - 1}} dx$$

$$5. \int \frac{2x + 1}{\sqrt{x^2 + x}} dx$$

$$6. \int \frac{x^3 - 2}{x^4 - 8x} dx$$

$$7. \int \frac{x^2 - 1}{x^3 - 3x} dx$$

$$8. \int \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + 2}} dx$$

$$9. \int \frac{x^2}{x^3 + 8} dx$$

$$10. \int \frac{1}{x + 1} dx$$

$$11. \int \frac{2}{x + 2} dx$$

$$12. \int \frac{3}{x + 3} dx$$

$$13. \int \frac{4}{x + 4} dx$$

$$14. \int \frac{5}{x + 5} dx$$

$$15. \int x^2 e^{x^3} dx$$

$$16. \int x e^{x^2} dx$$

$$17. \int x^3 e^{x^4} dx$$

$$18. \int x^5 e^{x^6} dx$$

$$19. \int x \operatorname{sen}(x^2) dx$$

$$20. \int x^2 \operatorname{sen}(x^3) dx$$

$$21. \int \operatorname{sen}(x + 1) dx$$

$$22. \int \operatorname{sen}(x + 4) dx$$

$$23. \int \operatorname{sen}(x + 5) dx$$

$$24. \int \operatorname{sen}(x) \operatorname{cos}(x) dx$$

$$25. \int e^x \operatorname{sen}(e^x) dx$$

$$26. \int e^x \operatorname{cos}(e^x) dx$$

$$27. \int e^x \sec^2(e^x) dx$$

$$28. \int e^x \operatorname{tg}(e^x) \sec(e^x) dx$$

$$29. \int \frac{e^x}{1 + (e^x)^2} dx$$

$$30. \int \frac{1}{x \ln(x)} dx$$

$$31. \int \frac{1}{x^2 \ln^2(x)} dx$$

$$32. \int \frac{1}{x \ln^3(x)} dx$$

$$33. \int \frac{\operatorname{sen}(\ln(x))}{x} dx$$

$$34. \int \frac{\operatorname{cos}(\ln(x))}{x} dx$$

$$35. \int \frac{\sec^2(\ln(x))}{x} dx$$

$$36. \int \frac{\sec(\ln(x)) \cdot \operatorname{tg}(\ln(x))}{x} dx$$

$$37. \int \frac{\operatorname{arctg}(x)}{1 + x^2} dx$$

$$38. \int x e^x dx$$

$$39. \int x^2 e^x dx$$

$$40. \int x^3 e^x dx$$

$$41. \int x \operatorname{sen}(x) dx$$

$$42. \int x^2 \operatorname{sen}(x) dx$$

$$43. \int x \operatorname{cos}(x) dx$$

$$44. \int x^2 \operatorname{cos}(x) dx$$

$$45. \int x^3 \operatorname{cos}(x) dx$$

$$46. \int x \sec^2(x) dx$$

$$47. \int \ln(x) dx$$

$$48. \int e^x \operatorname{sen}(x) dx$$

$$49. \int e^x \operatorname{sen}(5x) dx$$

$$50. \int e^x \operatorname{cos}(x) dx$$

$$51. \int e^x \operatorname{cos}(2x) dx$$

$$52. \int \ln^3(x) dx$$

$$53. \int (x^2 + x + 1) e^x dx$$

$$54. \int (2x^2 + 3x + 1) e^x dx$$

$$55. \int (3x^2 + 2x + 5) e^x dx$$

$$56. \int \operatorname{arctg}(x) dx$$

$$57. \int \operatorname{arc sen}(x) dx$$

$$58. \int \operatorname{arccos}(x) dx$$

$$59. \int \operatorname{arccotg}(x) dx$$

$$60. \int \operatorname{cos}(x) \ln(\operatorname{sen}(x)) dx$$

$$61. \int \operatorname{cos}(2x) \ln(\operatorname{sen}(2x)) dx$$

$$62. \int \operatorname{cos}(5x) \ln(\operatorname{sen}(5x)) dx$$

$$63. \int \operatorname{sen}(x) \ln(\operatorname{cos}(x)) dx$$

$$64. \int \operatorname{sen}(2x) \ln(\operatorname{cos}(2x)) dx$$

$$65. \int x^5 \operatorname{sen}(x^3) dx$$

$$66. \int x^5 \cos(x^3) dx$$

$$67. \int x^5 e^{x^3} dx$$

$$68. \int x^5 e^{4x^3} dx$$

$$69. \int x^7 \operatorname{sen}(x^4) dx$$

$$70. \int x^8 \operatorname{sen}(x^3) dx$$

$$71. \int x^8 \cos(x^3) dx$$

$$72. \int \frac{4x^4 + 8x^3 - 8x + 2}{x(x+1)(x-2)} dx$$

$$73. \int \frac{4x^4 + 8x^3 - 8x + 2}{x(x+1)(x+2)} dx$$

$$74. \int \frac{3x^3 + 2x^2 + x - 6}{x(x-1)(x-3)} dx$$

$$75. \int \frac{3x^3 + 2x^2 + x - 6}{x(x+1)(x+3)} dx$$

$$76. \int \frac{2x^2 + 2x + 4}{(x+1)(x-1)(x+3)} dx$$

$$77. \int \frac{2x^2 + 2x + 4}{(x+1)(x-2)(x-3)} dx$$

$$78. \int \frac{3x^3 + 4x + 12}{x(x-1)(x+1)(x+2)} dx$$

$$79. \int \frac{3x^3 + 4x + 12}{x(x-1)(x+3)(x-3)} dx$$

$$80. \int \frac{6x^3 + 8x + 12}{x(x-1)(x+2)(x-2)} dx$$

$$81. \int \frac{6x^3 + 8x + 12}{x(x+1)(x+2)(x-2)} dx$$

$$82. \int \frac{x + 12}{x(x-2)(x-3)} dx$$

$$83. \int \frac{x + 12}{x(x+2)(x+3)} dx$$

$$84. \int \frac{x - 8}{x(x+2)(x-4)} dx$$

$$85. \int \frac{x - 8}{x(x-2)(x-4)} dx$$

$$86. \int \frac{x + 4}{x^2(x+1)} dx$$

$$87. \int \frac{x + 4}{x^2(x-2)} dx$$

$$88. \int \frac{x^2 + 4}{x(x+1)^2} dx$$

$$89. \int \frac{x^2 + 4}{x(x-2)^2} dx$$

$$90. \int \frac{x^2 + 8}{x(x+1)^2(x+2)} dx$$

$$91. \int \frac{x^2 + 8}{x(x+1)(x+2)^2} dx$$

$$92. \int \frac{x^2 + 8}{x^2(x-1)^2(x+2)} dx$$

$$93. \int \frac{x^2 + 8}{x^2(x+1)^2(x-2)} dx$$

$$94. \int \frac{x^2 + 4x + 8}{x(x^2 + 1)} dx$$

$$95. \int \frac{x^2 + 4x + 8}{x(x^2 + 16)} dx$$

$$96. \int \frac{x^3 + 16x - 24}{x^2(x^2 + 1)} dx$$

$$97. \int \frac{x^3 + 16x - 24}{x^2(x^2 + 16)} dx$$

$$98. \int \frac{x^2 + 9}{x(x^2 + 2x + 5)} dx$$

$$99. \int \frac{x^2 + 16}{x(x^2 + 2x + 17)} dx$$

$$100. \int \frac{x^2 - 9}{x(x^2 + 3x + 13)} dx$$

$$101. \int \frac{x^2 - 16}{x(x^2 + 3x + 18)} dx$$

$$102. \int \frac{x^2 + 9}{x(x^2 + 4x + 25)} dx$$

$$103. \int \frac{x^2 + 16}{x(x^2 + 2x + 16)} dx$$

$$104. \int \frac{3x^2 + 18x + 64}{x(x^2 + 4)^2} dx$$

$$105. \int \frac{3x^2 + 18x + 64}{x^2(x^2 + 4)^2} dx$$

$$106. \int \operatorname{sen}(3x) \operatorname{sen}(5x) dx$$

$$107. \int \operatorname{sen}(6x) \operatorname{sen}(2x) dx$$

$$108. \int \operatorname{sen}(2x) \operatorname{sen}(x) dx$$

$$109. \int \cos(2x) \cos(x) dx$$

$$110. \int \cos(3x) \cos(4x) dx$$

$$111. \int \cos(5x) \cos(2x) dx$$

$$112. \int \operatorname{sen}(3x) \cos(5x) dx$$

$$113. \int \operatorname{sen}(6x) \cos(2x) dx$$

$$114. \int \operatorname{sen}(5x) \cos(2x) dx$$

$$115. \int \cos(7x) \operatorname{sen}(8x) dx$$

$$116. \int \operatorname{sen}^2(x) \cos(x) dx$$

$$117. \int \operatorname{sen}^2(x) \cos^3(x) dx$$

$$118. \int \operatorname{sen}^2(x) \cos^5(x) dx$$

$$119. \int \operatorname{sen}(x) \cos^2(x) dx$$

$$120. \int \operatorname{sen}^3(x) \cos^2(x) dx$$

$$121. \int \operatorname{sen}^5(x) \cos^4(x) dx$$

$$122. \int \operatorname{sen}^3(x) \cos(x) dx$$

$$123. \int \operatorname{sen}^3(x) \cos^3(x) dx$$

$$124. \int \operatorname{sen}^5(x) \cos^5(x) dx$$

$$125. \int \operatorname{sen}^2(x) \cos^2(x) dx$$

$$126. \int \operatorname{sen}^2(x) \cos^4(x) dx$$

$$127. \int \operatorname{sen}^2(x) \cos^6(x) dx$$

$$128. \int \sec(x) dx$$

$$129. \int \sec^3(x) dx$$

$$130. \int \operatorname{tg}^2(x) dx$$

$$131. \int \operatorname{tg}(x) \sec(x) dx$$

$$132. \int \operatorname{tg}^2(x) \sec^3(x) dx$$